

CEVA Holdings LLC
Quarter Two 2016

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Cautionary statement: The operating and financial review and certain other sections of this document contain forward looking statements which are subject to risk factors associated with, amongst others, the economic and business circumstances occurring from time to time in the countries and markets in which the Group (as defined below) operates. It is believed that the expectations reflected in these statements are reasonable but they may be affected by a wide range of variables, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those currently anticipated.

Principal Activities

CEVA Holdings LLC (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Group” or “CEVA”) is one of the world’s leading non-asset based supply chain management companies and offers a broad spectrum of services based on market leading Freight Management and Contract Logistics expertise and capabilities, on a stand-alone basis or in combination. CEVA designs, implements and operates complete supply chain solutions for multinational and small and medium sized companies on a national, regional and global level. CEVA operates a non-asset based model across all of its business units, with third parties providing the majority of the physical transportation and warehousing assets that CEVA manages and uses for the benefit of its customers. CEVA’s integrated service offerings span the entire supply chain. CEVA’s Freight Management services include international air, ocean and domestic freight forwarding, customs brokerage and other value-added services and its Contract Logistics services include inbound logistics, manufacturing support, outbound/distribution logistics and aftermarket/reverse logistics. As of 31 December 2015, CEVA’s combined global network comprised about 1,000 locations, utilizing a total of approximately 8 million square meters of warehousing space in over 160 countries, supported by more than 41,000 employees.

CEVA has built leading market positions by understanding its target industry sectors and applying extensive expertise to design and implement customized logistics solutions that address industry-specific supply chain requirements. CEVA has deep expertise in a range of industries, including automotive, technology, industrial and aerospace, consumer and retail, energy and healthcare. CEVA’s knowledge of customers’ supply chain functions and sector expertise allows it to develop more cost-effective solutions for them, creates competitive advantages for its customers, and puts CEVA in a strong position to grow its business.

Key Financial Results

The table below shows the Group’s key consolidated financial results for the three and six months ended 30 June 2016 and 2015:

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenue	1,666	1,763	3,232	3,539
Revenue growth	(5.5%)	(10.9%)	(8.7%)	(7.9%)
Adjusted EBITDA ¹	63	75	118	126
Adjusted EBITDA ¹ as a % of revenue	3.8%	4.3%	3.7%	3.6%
EBITDA before Specific Items	53	65	99	107
EBITDA before Specific Items as a % of revenue	3.2%	3.7%	3.1%	3.0%
Profit/(loss) before income taxes	(34)	(51)	(69)	(128)
Net capital expenditure	17	20	33	35
Net capital expenditure as a % of revenue	1.0%	1.1%	1.0%	1.0%
Cash generated from operations	17	88	(56)	46

¹ Includes EBITDA from joint ventures

The table below shows the Group’s key other financial metrics as at 30 June 2016, 31 December 2015 and 30 June 2015:

\$ millions	AS AT 30 JUNE	AS AT 31 DECEMBER	AS AT 30 JUNE
	2016	2015	2015
Net working capital	(73)	(196)	(120)
Cash and cash equivalents	264	309	291
Net debt	2,036	1,867	1,894
Capital employed / LTM revenue ¹	9.1%	7.2%	7.1%
LTM Net capital expenditure ² / LTM Revenue ¹	1.4%	1.3%	0.9%
Net working capital intensity (as % of LTM revenue ¹)	(1.1%)	(2.8%)	(1.6%)

¹ Refers to cumulative revenue over the last twelve months

² Refers to cumulative net capital expenditure over the last twelve months

Operating and Financial Review

Revenue

Revenue decreased by 5.5% to US\$1,666 million for the three months ended 30 June 2016 from US\$1,763 million for the three months ended 30 June 2015. On a constant currency basis, the decrease is 2.8%.

The tables below show the Group's operating segment revenue for the three and six months ended 30 June 2016 and 2015:

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Freight Management	738	805	1,418	1,606
Contract Logistics	928	958	1,814	1,933
Total Revenue	1,666	1,763	3,232	3,539

The table below reconciles Revenue to show the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency and the impact of the disposal of the S.I.T.T.A.M. S.r.l. (Spedizioni Internazionali Trasporti Terrestri Aerei Marittimi) business in 2015 ("the disposal") for the three and six months ended 30 June 2016 and 2015:

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenue	1,666	1,763	3,232	3,539
Foreign exchange impact	47	-	132	-
Revenue at constant currency	1,713	1,763	3,364	3,539
Impact of disposal ¹	-	(13)	-	(45)
Revenue excluding the impact of disposal at constant currency	1,713	1,750	3,364	3,494

¹ The disposal was completed on 29 April 2015.

Revenue in Freight Management declined by 8.3% or US\$67 million to US\$738 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to US\$805 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 partially as a result of the strengthening of the US dollar against many other currencies (such as Turkish Lira, Brazilian Real, Euro, Chinese Yuan and Australian Dollar) and driven by a low rate environment, mainly due to the continuous pressure on fuel rates as well as the increase in carrier capacity relative to market demand, depressing market prices. At constant exchange rates, the Freight Management revenue was US\$758 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016, a decrease of 5.8% from US\$805 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015. New business wins contributed to improved Air Freight and Ocean Freight Business results, however from a revenue perspective this was offset by lower rates due to excess capacity and lower fuel costs.

Revenue in Contract Logistics declined by 3.1% or US\$30 million to US\$928 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to US\$958 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015. On a constant currency basis and excluding the impact of disposals, revenue was US\$955 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016 compared to US\$945 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015, an increase of 1.1% as a result of implementing new business wins.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

EBITDA before specific items refers to earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortization and specific items ("EBITDA before specific items"), is a key financial measure used by management to assess operational performance. It excludes the impact of specific items, such as costs incurred in the realization of our cost containment programs, other significant non-recurring charges or credits and the profits or losses realized on certain non-recurring transactions.

Adjusted EBITDA ("Adjusted EBITDA") is another key financial measure used by management to assess operational performance. Adjusted EBITDA refers to EBITDA before specific items and includes the Group's share of the EBITDA before specific items of the Anji-CEVA joint venture.

Neither EBITDA before specific items nor Adjusted EBITDA is a measurement of performance or liquidity under IFRS and should not be considered as a substitute for profit / (loss) for the year, operating profit, net income or any other performance measures derived in accordance with IFRS or as a substitute for cash flow from operating activities as a measure of CEVA's performance. Because not all companies calculate EBITDA before specific items or Adjusted EBITDA identically, the presentations of EBITDA before specific items and Adjusted EBITDA in this quarterly report may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

The table below shows the Group's operating segment EBITDA before specific items, and it reconciles Adjusted EBITDA to the EBITDA measure shown on the face of the consolidated income statement for the three and six months ended 30 June 2016 and 2015:

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Freight Management EBITDA before specific items	20	18	30	25
Contract Logistics EBITDA before specific items	33	47	69	82
Total EBITDA before specific items	53	65	99	107
EBITDA from joint ventures	10	10	19	19
Total Adjusted EBITDA	63	75	118	126
<i>Total EBITDA before specific items as a % of revenue</i>	<i>3.2%</i>	<i>3.7%</i>	<i>3.1%</i>	<i>3.0%</i>
<i>Total Adjusted EBITDA as a % of revenue</i>	<i>3.8%</i>	<i>4.3%</i>	<i>3.7%</i>	<i>3.6%</i>
<i>Freight Management EBITDA before specific items as a % of revenue</i>	<i>2.7%</i>	<i>2.2%</i>	<i>2.1%</i>	<i>1.6%</i>
<i>Contract Logistics EBITDA before specific items as a % of revenue</i>	<i>3.6%</i>	<i>4.9%</i>	<i>3.8%</i>	<i>4.2%</i>

Adjusted EBITDA decreased by 16.0% to US\$63 million in the three months ended 30 June 2016 compared to US\$75 million in the three months ended 30 June 2015. Our Adjusted EBITDA is generally also impacted by fluctuations in foreign currencies. On a constant currency basis and excluding the impact of disposals, our Adjusted EBITDA would have been US\$68 million for the three months ended 30 June 2016 (three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$74 million), a decrease of 8.1%.

The table below reconciles Adjusted EBITDA to show the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency and the impact of the disposal for the three and six months ended 30 June 2016 and 2015:

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Adjusted EBITDA	63	75	118	126
Foreign exchange impact	5	-	9	-
Adjusted EBITDA at constant currency	68	75	127	126
Impact of disposal ¹	-	(1)	-	(1)
Adjusted EBITDA excluding the impact of disposal at constant currency	68	74	127	125

¹ The disposal was completed on 29 April 2015.

Freight Management EBITDA before specific items increased by US\$2 million to US\$20 million in the three months ended 30 June 2016 compared to US\$18 million in the three months ended 30 June 2015. Our EBITDA before specific items is generally impacted by fluctuations in foreign currencies. On a constant currency basis, our Freight Management EBITDA before specific items would have been US\$22 million for the three months ended 30 June 2016 (three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$18 million), an increase of 22.2%. Freight Management results benefited from increased focus on productivity and associated cost savings as well as higher profitability in both Air Freight export and Ocean Freight business.

Contract Logistics EBITDA before specific items and excluding the impact of disposals, on a constant currency basis, would have been US\$35 million for the three months ended 30 June 2016 (three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$46 million), a decrease of 23.9%. The decrease in EBITDA is driven by incremental start-up costs and slightly higher than planned costs in a limited number of facilities driven by adjusting to product mix changes.

Net finance income/expense

Net finance expense for the three months ended 30 June 2016 was US\$33 million (expense for the three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$67 million), and was positively impacted by an unrealized foreign exchange gain of US\$16 million for the three months ended 30 June 2016 (three months ended 30 June 2015: unrealized foreign exchange loss of US\$16 million). Adjusted for foreign exchange results, the Group's finance expenses were flat at US\$51 million for the second quarter of 2016 (three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$51 million).

Loss before income taxes

Loss before income taxes was US\$34 million for the three months ended 30 June 2016 (three months ended 30 June 2015: loss of US\$51 million), with the year-on-year change principally driven by a lower EBITDA offset by foreign exchange results.

Net capital expenditure

Our net capital expenditure was US\$17 million for the three months ended 30 June 2016 (three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$20 million), which represented 1.0% of revenue for the three months ended 30 June 2016 (1.1% for the three months ended 30 June 2015).

Net working capital

Our net working capital was US\$(73) million as at 30 June 2016 (31 December 2015: US\$(196) million, 30 June 2015: US\$(120) million). The delta versus the prior year position is driven by the temporary impact from the increased working capital need associated with the implementation as from April onwards of One Freight System ("OFS"), the operating system for our Freight Management business in the US.

Cash generated from operations

Cash generated from operations during the three months ended 30 June 2016 amounted to US\$17 million inflow (three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$88 million inflow). The decline in cash generated from operations was, to a major extent, due to changes in net working capital as a result of the implementation of OFS in the second quarter of 2016.

Cash and cash equivalents

As at 30 June 2016 the Group had US\$264 million (31 December 2015: US\$309 million) of cash and cash equivalents on its balance sheet. With undrawn central facilities of US\$294 million available at 30 June 2016 (31 December 2015: US\$267 million), we therefore had headroom of US\$558 million at 30 June 2016 (31 December 2015: US\$576 million) to fund operating activities for the foreseeable future. Available headroom includes a €170 million Pan-European Asset Backed Securitization which closed on 25 March 2016 ("the European ABS"). The European ABS is a two year commitment from two banks and is based on securitization of receivables from CEVA companies in six European countries. As of 30 June 2016, the amount drawn under the new facility was US\$121 million (€109 million).

Net debt

Net debt, defined as total principal debt less cash and cash equivalents, increased by 9.1% to US\$2,036 million as at 30 June 2016 compared to 31 December 2015 (31 March 2016: US\$1,967 million, 31 December 2015: US\$1,867 million). The increase in Net debt in the second quarter is primarily due to the implementation of OFS.

Risk factors

CEVA is impacted by a number of risk factors, some of which are not within our control. Many of the risk factors affecting CEVA are macroeconomic and generally affect all companies, whereas others are more particular to CEVA. The principal risk factors faced by CEVA are unchanged from those identified in the 2015 annual financial statements of CEVA Holdings LLC.

CEVA Holdings LLC – Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Three Month Income Statement

\$ millions, unaudited	Note	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2016			THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2015		
		Before specific items	Specific items ¹	Total	Before specific items	Specific items ¹	Total
Revenue	6	1,666	-	1,666	1,776	(13)	1,763
Work contracted out		(786)	-	(786)	(886)	-	(886)
Net Revenue		880	-	880	890	(13)	877
Personnel expenses		(534)	(2)	(536)	(530)	-	(530)
Other operating expenses		(293)	(15)	(308)	(295)	-	(295)
EBITDA	6	53	(17)	36	65	(13)	52
Depreciation		(14)	-	(14)	(14)	-	(14)
Amortization and impairment		(27)	-	(27)	(26)	-	(26)
Operating income		12	(17)	(5)	25	(13)	12
Finance income		2	-	2	-	-	-
Finance expense		(51)	-	(51)	(51)	-	(51)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)		16	-	16	(16)	-	(16)
Net finance income / (expense)		(33)	-	(33)	(67)	-	(67)
Net result from joint ventures		4	-	4	4	-	4
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes		(17)	(17)	(34)	(38)	(13)	(51)
Income tax income/(expense)	8	(1)	-	(1)	14	-	14
Profit/(Loss) for the period		(18)	(17)	(35)	(24)	(13)	(37)
Attributable to:							
Non-controlling interests				-			-
Equity holders of the Company				(35)			(37)

¹ Refer to note 7 for details on specific items

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements

CEVA Holdings LLC – Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Six Month Income Statement

\$ millions, unaudited	Note	SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE			SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		
		2016			2015		
		Before specific items	Specific items ¹	Total	Before specific items	Specific items ¹	Total
Revenue	6	3,232	-	3,232	3,552	(13)	3,539
Work contracted out		(1,509)	-	(1,509)	(1,788)	-	(1,788)
Net Revenue		1,723	-	1,723	1,764	(13)	1,751
Personnel expenses		(1,052)	(3)	(1,055)	(1,057)	(1)	(1,058)
Other operating expenses ²		(572)	(18)	(590)	(600)	-	(600)
EBITDA	6	99	(21)	78	107	(14)	93
Depreciation		(27)	-	(27)	(28)	-	(28)
Amortization and impairment		(52)	-	(52)	(52)	(9)	(61)
Operating income		20	(21)	(1)	27	(23)	4
Finance income		2	-	2	-	-	-
Finance expense		(100)	-	(100)	(98)	-	(98)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss) ³		22	-	22	(42)	-	(42)
Net finance income / (expense)		(76)	-	(76)	(140)	-	(140)
Net result from joint ventures		8	-	8	8	-	8
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes		(48)	(21)	(69)	(105)	(23)	(128)
Income tax income/(expense)	8	37	-	37	17	-	17
Profit/(Loss) for the period		(11)	(21)	(32)	(88)	(23)	(111)
Attributable to:							
Non-controlling interests				1			-
Equity holders of the Company				(33)			(111)

¹ Refer to note 7 for details on specific items

² Refer to note 6 for details on disposal of assets

³ Refer to note 2 for details on the restatement of foreign exchange impact due to the functional currency change

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements

CEVA Holdings LLC – Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

\$ millions, unaudited	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE			THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		
	2016			2015		
	Before specific items	Specific items ¹	Total	Before specific items	Specific items ¹	Total
Profit/(Loss) for the period	(18)	(17)	(35)	(24)	(13)	(37)
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit and Loss:						
Remeasurements of retirement benefit obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to Profit and Loss:						
Current and deferred tax on OCI	-	-	-	1	-	1
Currency translation adjustment ²	(11)	-	(11)	15	-	15
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of income tax	(29)	(17)	(46)	(8)	(13)	(21)
Attributable to:						
Non-controlling interests			-			-
Equity holders of the Company			(46)			(21)
Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period			(46)			(21)

\$ millions, unaudited	SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE			SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		
	2016			2015		
	Before specific items	Specific items ¹	Total	Before specific items	Specific items ¹	Total
Profit/(Loss) for the period	(11)	(21)	(32)	(88)	(23)	(111)
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit and Loss:						
Remeasurements of retirement benefit obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to Profit and Loss:						
Current and deferred tax on OCI	-	-	-	(4)	-	(4)
Currency translation adjustment ²	(20)	-	(20)	11	-	11
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of income tax	(31)	(21)	(52)	(81)	(23)	(104)
Attributable to:						
Non-controlling interests			1			-
Equity holders of the Company			(53)			(104)
Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the period			(52)			(104)

¹ Refer to note 7 for details on specific items

² Refer to note 2 for details on the restatement of foreign exchange impact due to the functional currency change

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements

CEVA Holdings LLC – Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet

\$ millions, unaudited	Note	AS AT 30 JUNE	AS AT 31 DECEMBER
		2016	2015
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets		1,472	1,510
Property, plant and equipment		160	169
Investments in joint ventures	10	93	99
Deferred income tax assets		94	40
Prepayments		46	43
Other non-current assets		24	25
Total non-current assets		1,889	1,886
Current assets			
Inventory		19	15
Trade and other receivables		1,022	950
Prepayments		59	48
Accrued income		160	143
Income tax receivable		12	10
Cash and cash equivalents		264	309
Assets held for sale		-	11
Total current assets		1,536	1,486
TOTAL ASSETS		3,425	3,372
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders			
Preferred stock, Common stock and Additional paid in capital		1,443	1,443
Other reserves		850	870
Accumulated deficit		(2,673)	(2,641)
Attributable to equity holders of the Company		(380)	(328)
Non-controlling interests		3	2
Total Group equity		(377)	(326)
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	9	2,111	1,990
Deferred income tax liabilities		12	11
Retirement benefit obligations		97	100
Provisions		56	49
Other non-current liabilities		36	38
Total non-current liabilities		2,312	2,188
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	9	145	148
Provisions		65	64
Trade and other payables		1,270	1,284
Income tax payable		10	14
Total current liabilities		1,490	1,510
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,425	3,372

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

CEVA Holdings LLC – Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

\$ millions, unaudited	Note	THREE MONTHS	THREE MONTHS	SIX MONTHS	SIX MONTHS
		ENDED 30 JUNE	ENDED 30 JUNE	ENDED 30 JUNE	ENDED 30 JUNE
		2016	2015	2016	2015
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes		(34)	(51)	(69)	(128)
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation, amortization and impairment		41	40	79	89
Finance income		(2)	-	(2)	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(1)	-	(11)	-
Foreign exchange (gains) and losses ¹		(16)	16	(22)	42
Finance expense		51	51	100	98
Share of profit from equity accounted joint venture		(4)	(4)	(8)	(8)
Changes in provisions:					
Retirement benefit obligations		(2)	(3)	(3)	(4)
Long-term Provisions		(1)	6	(3)	6
Changes in working capital:					
Inventory		-	(9)	(1)	(11)
Trade and other receivables		(27)	22	(62)	29
Prepayments and accrued income		(27)	24	(48)	(9)
Trade and other payables		38	(4)	(2)	(55)
Changes in non-current prepayments		-	(1)	(1)	(4)
Changes in non-current assets and liabilities		1	1	(3)	1
Cash generated (used for) / from operations		17	88	(56)	46
Interest cost paid		(41)	(40)	(70)	(70)
Other financing cost paid		(9)	(8)	(16)	(16)
Net income taxes paid		(14)	(7)	(21)	(12)
Net cash (used for) / from operating activities		(47)	33	(163)	(52)
Divestments		-	20	-	20
Capital expenditure		(17)	(20)	(33)	(35)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		2	5	34	6
Dividends received		-	-	15	-
Interest received		1	-	4	1
Net cash (used for) / from investing activities		(14)	5	20	(8)
Repayment of borrowings	9	20	(172)	(41)	(260)
Proceeds from non-current borrowings	9	123	-	123	1
Proceeds from current borrowings	9	(4)	167	28	224
Net cash (used for) / from financing activities		139	(5)	110	(35)
Change in cash and cash equivalents		78	33	(33)	(95)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		192	265	309	386
Foreign exchange impact on cash and cash equivalents		(6)	(7)	(12)	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		264	291	264	291

¹ Refer to note 2 for details on the restatement of foreign exchange impact due to the functional currency change

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements

CEVA Holdings LLC – Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

\$ millions, unaudited	Preferred stock, common stock and Additional paid in capital	Other reserves	Accumulated deficit	Attributable to equity holders of the Company	Non- controlling interest	Total Group equity
Balance at 1 January 2015	1,441	872	(2,446)	(133)	2	(131)
Currency translation adjustment ¹	-	11	-	11	-	11
Current and deferred tax on OCI	-	(4)	-	(4)	-	(4)
Loss attributable to equity holders for the period	-	-	(111)	(111)	-	(111)
Balance at 30 June 2015	1,441	879	(2,557)	(237)	2	(235)
Balance at 1 January 2016	1,443	870	(2,641)	(328)	2	(326)
Currency translation adjustment ¹	-	(20)	-	(20)	-	(20)
Current and deferred tax on OCI	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss attributable to equity holders for the period	-	-	(32)	(32)	-	(32)
Profit attributable to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	1	1
Balance at 30 June 2016	1,443	850	(2,673)	(380)	3	(377)

¹ Refer to note 2 for details on the restatement of foreign exchange impact due to the functional currency change

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

1. General Information

CEVA Holdings LLC (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Group” or “CEVA”) design, implement and operate complete end-to-end Freight Management and Contract Logistics solutions for multinational and small and medium sized companies on a local, regional and global level.

CEVA Holdings LLC was incorporated on 28 March 2013 in the Republic of the Marshall Islands. The address of its registered office is c/o The Trust Company of the Marshall Islands, Inc., Trust Company Complex, Ajeltake Road, Ajeltake Island, Majuro, MH96960, Marshall Islands.

CEVA Holdings LLC is the immediate parent of CEVA Group Plc, a company incorporated on 9 August 2006 in England and Wales as a UK public company with limited liability. Pursuant to the LLC Agreement, Apollo Global Management LLC (“Apollo”) and its affiliates hold a majority of the voting power of the Company and have the right to elect a majority of the respective boards of the Company and CEVA Group Plc. Certain major corporate actions by the Company’s Board require approval of a majority of the Managers not designated by Apollo.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Managers on 5 August 2016.

2. Basis of Preparation

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2016 has been prepared on a going concern basis and in accordance with IAS 34, ‘Interim financial reporting’. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of CEVA Holdings LLC for the year ended 31 December 2015, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union and in accordance with IFRIC interpretations.

In 2015, we reassessed the functional currency of two intermediate holding companies as required by IAS 21. These companies previously had a functional currency of Euro because this was the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operated. However, following the 2014 refinancing and resultant changes in the denomination of our debt, we have concluded that the functional currency of these entities should have changed to US Dollars. This change has been reflected in the consolidation with effect of 1 January 2015 as the impact in 2014 was not material. This change in assessment of functional currency has resulted in additional finance expense in the three months ended 31 March 2015 of US\$48m relating to currency translation differences and a corresponding change in the currency translation adjustment booked within the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. There was no change to the balance sheets previously presented at 31 December 2015 or 31 December 2014 as a result of this correction. The change in functional currency was reflected in the financial statements for the year-ended 31 December 2015.

3. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those applied in the combined and consolidated financial statements of CEVA Holdings LLC as at and for the year ended 31 December 2015, and as described in those combined and consolidated financial statements which can be found at www.cevalogistics.com, except as described above.

New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2016:

- IFRS 11 “Joint arrangements” – on acquisition of an interest in a joint operation
- IAS 16 “Property, plant and equipment” and IAS 38 “Intangible Assets” – on clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization
- Annual improvement cycle 2012 - 2014
- Amendments to IAS1: Disclosure initiative

The adoption of these amendments did not have a material impact on the current or prior period.

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2016, and have not been applied in preparing these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements:

- IFRS 9, “Financial Instruments” – Addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. IFRS 9 was issued in November 2009 and October 2010, and further amended in July 2014. It replaces the parts of IAS 39 that relate to the classification and measurement of financial instruments. IFRS 9 requires financial assets to be classified into two measurement categories: those measured as at fair value and those measured at amortized cost. The determination is made at initial recognition. The classification

depends on the entity's business model for managing its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the instrument. For financial liabilities, the standard retains most of the IAS 39 requirements. The main change is that, in cases where the fair value option is taken for financial liabilities, the part of a fair value change due to an entity's own credit risk is recorded in other comprehensive income rather than the income statement, unless this creates an accounting mismatch. IFRS 9 relaxes the requirements for hedge effectiveness by replacing the bright line hedge effectiveness tests. It requires an economic relationship between the hedged item and hedging instrument and for the 'hedged ratio' to be the same as the one management actually use for risk management purposes. Contemporaneous documentation is still required but is different to that currently prepared under IAS 39. IFRS 9 also introduces a single impairment model and removes the need for a triggering event to be necessary for recognition of impairment losses. The new standard, subject to EU endorsement, requires application for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The Group is yet to assess IFRS 9's full impact;

- IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" – The new standard will be effective, subject to EU endorsement, for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with retrospective application. This new standard on revenue recognition supersedes IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations. The Group is assessing the impact of the standard;
- IFRS 16, "Leases" – The new standard addresses the definition of a lease, recognition and measurement of leases and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the leasing activities of both lessees and lessors. A key change arising from IFRS 16 is that most operating leases will be accounted for on balance sheet for lessees such as CEVA. The standard replaces IAS 17 'Leases', and related interpretations. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 and earlier application is permitted subject to EU endorsement and the entity adopting IFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers' at the same time. The Group is currently assessing the impact of IFRS 16;
- IAS 7, "Statement of Cash flows" – The amendments clarify IAS 7 to improve information provided to users of financial statements about an entity's financing activities. They are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, with earlier application being permitted, subject to EU endorsement.

There are no other IFRSs or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles under IFRS requires the Group to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities in the financial statements. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. Actual results may differ significantly from these estimates, the effect of which is recognized in the period in which the facts that give rise to the revision, become known.

In preparing these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty, were the same (being impairment of goodwill, income taxes, retirement benefits and provisions and contingent liabilities) as those that applied to the combined and consolidated financial statements of CEVA Holdings LLC as at, and for, the year ended 31 December 2015.

During the quarter we revisited the year end impairment assessment for goodwill relating to our Contract Logistics segment (Cash Generating Unit) given its decline in performance. This confirmed that there has been no impairment and we do not currently foresee that any reasonable change in key assumptions as disclosed in our 2015 financial statements would result in an impairment in this segment.

5. Financial Risk Management

The Group's operations and financial results are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could adversely affect our business, financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The Group's risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the combined and consolidated financial statements as at, and for, the year ended 31 December 2015.

The Group operates internationally and generates foreign currency exchange risks arising from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities, investments and divestments in foreign currencies other than the US dollar, the Group's reporting currency. The main exchange rates are shown below:

	2016			2015		
	June closing	Three Month Average	Six Month Average	June closing	Three Month Average	Six Month Average
British pound	0.7512	0.6970	0.6977	0.6366	0.6524	0.6564
Euro	0.9004	0.8856	0.8959	0.8971	0.9037	0.8963
Chinese yuan	6.6465	6.5343	6.5343	6.2126	6.1966	6.2180

As a result of our global operations, our business, results of operations and financial condition may be materially adversely affected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates. For example, we are subject to currency risks because our revenues may be generated in different

currencies from the currencies in which our related costs are incurred, and because our cash flow may be generated in currencies that do not match our debt service obligations. In addition, our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar, and therefore our reporting results are subject to translational risks relating to currency exchange rate fluctuations. Given the volatility of exchange rates, our failure to effectively hedge or otherwise manage such currency risks effectively may materially adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

6. Segment Information

The Group's operating and reporting segments are its Freight Management and Contract Logistics businesses which are the main focus of the Group's chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), the Executive Board of the Group (the "Executive Board"). This is the primary way in which the CODM is provided with financial information. The Group's internal organization and management structure is also aligned to the two businesses. All reporting to the CODM analyses performance by Freight Management and Contract Logistics business activity, and resources are allocated on this basis. Disclosure has been included in the segment note to reflect these operating segments. As additional information the Group has also provided geographical information on its results.

The Executive Board considers the operations from a business perspective. In addition, information from a geographical perspective has also been presented, which reflects the cluster basis on which the Company administers the operations of its business.

Operating segments

- Freight Management, which includes the provision of international air, ocean, ground, customs brokerage, deferred air and pickup and delivery, and other value-added services; and
- Contract Logistics, which includes the provision of inbound logistics, manufacturing support, outbound/distribution logistics and aftermarket logistics.

Additional geographical information

The Group is operating on a worldwide basis in the following geographical areas:

- Americas – comprising North America; Central America; and South America clusters;
- Asia Pacific – comprising South East Asia; Mekong; India; Australia and New Zealand; Greater China; and North Asia clusters;
- Europe – comprising UK, Ireland and Nordics; Benelux; France; Germany; Central and Eastern Europe; Italy; Iberia; and BAMECA (includes the Balkans, the Middle East and Africa) clusters.

The Executive Board assesses the performance of the operating segments (including joint ventures) based on EBITDA before specific items. Interest income and expenditure are not included in the result for each operating segment that is reviewed by the Executive Board. The information provided to the Executive Board is measured in a manner consistent with that in the financial statements.

Revised allocation method for operating segments

With effect from 1 January 2016 the Group has changed its method of allocating certain corporate costs between its reporting segments, Freight Management and Contract Logistics, and in conjunction with this exercise a limited number of contracts were re-classified between the operating segments. The impact of these changes has been reflected in the regular reporting that is reviewed by the Executive Board and resulted in a minor revenue shift between the operating segments and a slightly greater central overhead allocation to Freight Management as opposed to Contract Logistics resulting in a marginally lower Freight Management EBITDA and higher Contract Logistics EBITDA in absolute terms with no overall impact on total EBITDA. To enable comparison with prior periods we have reflected the refined allocation methodology for the results as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Operating segments

The segment results for the three months ended 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 are as follows:

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		
	Freight Management	Contract Logistics	2016 Total
Total segment revenue	738	928	1,666
Inter-segment revenue	-	-	-
Revenue from external customers	738	928	1,666
EBITDA before specific items	20	33	53
Specific items			(17)
EBITDA			36
Depreciation, amortization and impairment			(41)
Operating income			(5)
Net finance income / (expense)			(33)
Net result from joint ventures			4
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes			(34)
<i>EBITDA before specific items, as a % of revenue</i>	2.7%	3.6%	3.2%

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		
	Freight Management	Contract Logistics	2015 Total
Total segment revenue	805	960	1,765
Inter-segment revenue	-	(2)	(2)
Revenue from external customers	805	958	1,763
EBITDA before specific items	18	47	65
Specific items			(13)
EBITDA			52
Depreciation, amortization and impairment			(40)
Operating income			12
Net finance income / (expense)			(67)
Net result from joint ventures			4
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes			(51)
<i>EBITDA before specific items, as a % of revenue</i>	2.2%	4.9%	3.7%

The segment results for the six months ended 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 are as follows:

\$ millions	SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		
	Freight Management	Contract Logistics ¹	2016 Total
Total segment revenue	1,418	1,815	3,233
Inter-segment revenue	-	(1)	(1)
Revenue from external customers	1,418	1,814	3,232
EBITDA before specific items	30	69	99
Specific items			(21)
EBITDA			78
Depreciation, amortization and impairment			(79)
Operating income			(1)
Net finance income / (expense)			(76)
Net result from joint ventures			8
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes			(69)
<i>EBITDA before specific items, as a % of revenue</i>	2.1%	3.8%	3.1%

¹ EBITDA before specific items for the six months ended 30 June 2016 includes a gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment totaling US\$10 million

\$ millions	SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		
	Freight Management	Contract Logistics	2015 Total
Total segment revenue	1,606	1,936	3,542
Inter-segment revenue	-	(3)	(3)
Revenue from external customers	1,606	1,933	3,539
EBITDA before specific items	25	82	107
Specific items			(14)
EBITDA			93
Depreciation, amortization and impairment			(89)
Operating income			4
Net finance income / (expense)			(140)
Net result from joint ventures			8
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes			(128)
<i>EBITDA before specific items, as a % of revenue</i>	1.6%	4.2%	3.0%

Geographical information

The geographical results for the three months ended 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 are as follows:

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE			
	Americas	Asia Pacific	Europe	2016 Total
Total segment revenue	580	383	704	1,667
Inter-segment revenue	(1)	-	-	(1)
Revenue from external customers	579	383	704	1,666
EBITDA before specific items	6	21	26	53
Specific items				(17)
EBITDA				36
Depreciation, amortization and impairment				(41)
Operating income				(5)
Net finance income / (expense)				(33)
Net result from joint ventures				4
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes				(34)

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE			
	Americas	Asia Pacific	Europe	2015 Total
Total segment revenue	633	423	709	1,765
Inter-segment revenue	(1)	(1)	-	(2)
Revenue from external customers	632	422	709	1,763
EBITDA before specific items	12	19	34	65
Specific items				(13)
EBITDA				52
Depreciation, amortization and impairment				(40)
Operating income				12
Net finance income / (expense)				(67)
Net result from joint ventures				4
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes				(51)

The geographical results for the six months ended 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 are as follows:

\$ millions	SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE			
	Americas	Asia Pacific	Europe	2016 Total
Total segment revenue	1,118	751	1,364	3,233
Inter-segment revenue	(1)	-	-	(1)
Revenue from external customers	1,117	751	1,364	3,232
EBITDA before specific items	13	38	48	99
Specific items				(21)
EBITDA				78
Depreciation, amortization and impairment				(79)
Operating income				(1)
Net finance income / (expense)				(76)
Net result from joint ventures				8
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes				(69)

\$ millions	SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE			2015
	Americas	Asia Pacific	Europe	Total
Total segment revenue	1,263	841	1,438	3,542
Inter-segment revenue	(1)	(1)	(1)	(3)
Revenue from external customers	1,262	840	1,437	3,539
EBITDA before specific items	22	29	56	107
Specific items				(14)
EBITDA				93
Depreciation, amortization and impairment				(89)
Operating income				4
Net finance income / (expense)				(140)
Net result from joint ventures				8
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes				(128)

7. Specific Items

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenue	-	13	-	13
Personnel expenses	2	-	3	1
Other operating expenses	15	-	18	-
Impairment	-	-	-	9
Total (income)/expense before income taxes	17	13	21	23

Revenue

For the three months ended 30 June 2015, the Group wrote-off an accrued income balance in its Freight Management business in the Americas that was recorded within "trade and other receivables" on the consolidated balance sheet. The balance was an estimate based on incorrect margin realization assumptions. This correction relates to the period from 2011-2014, but was not material to any given year and did not result in a cash loss. The Group has reported this write-off as a specific item as the correction does not relate to operating performance in 2015.

Personnel expenses

In the first half of 2016, severance costs were incurred in relation to the standardization of our business. In the first three months ended 31 March 2015, personnel expenses were incurred as a result of cost reduction programs implemented by the Group in 2014.

Other operating expenses

For the six months ended 30 June 2016, professional fees of US\$14 million were incurred on third party advisors for internal strategic projects, the roll out of the One Freight Management System ("OFS") in the North America cluster and as a result of ongoing litigation. Also included is a 2011 VAT write-off in the Central America cluster.

Impairment

Goodwill impairment charges were recognized for the three months ended 31 March 2015 as a result of the disposal of SITTAM S.r.l.

8. Income Tax Income

Income tax income for the period is based on an estimated average annual effective income tax rate. The estimated average effective annual tax rate used for the six months ended 30 June 2016 is 53.6% (six months ended 30 June 2015: 13.3%) and is driven by management's expectations for improved taxable profits in many jurisdictions offset by losses and the recognition of previously unrecognized tax assets, primarily in the United Kingdom. The majority of the deferred tax assets in the United Kingdom were recognized in the first quarter. This, combined with a changed mix of profits in different jurisdictions, reduced the forecasted effective tax rate for the full year 2016 of 53.6% instead of 108.6%, as reported in the first quarter, which resulted in a US\$1 million tax expense for the three months ended 30 June 2016.

9. Borrowings

The carrying amounts and fair value of borrowings are as follows:

\$ millions	30 JUNE				31 DECEMBER			
	Carrying value	Level 1 fair value	Level 2 fair value	Total fair value	Carrying value	Level 1 fair value	Level 2 fair value	Total fair value
				2016				2015
Non-current								
Bank borrowings	1,076	-	911	911	957	-	851	851
Loan notes	1,011	970	-	970	1,005	866	-	866
Finance leases	24	-	24	24	28	-	28	28
Total non-current borrowings	2,111	970	935	1,905	1,990	866	879	1,745
Current								
Bank overdrafts	124	-	124	124	122	-	122	122
Bank borrowings	15	-	15	15	19	-	19	19
Finance leases	6	-	6	6	7	-	7	7
Total current borrowings	145	-	145	145	148	-	148	148
Total borrowings	2,256	970	1,080	2,050	2,138	866	1,027	1,893
Unamortized debt issuance costs	44				38			
Total principal debt	2,300				2,176			

The fair value of the loan notes has been presented using the available market price (Level 1) at the balance sheet date. The bank borrowings' fair value has been presented using a valuation technique based on prices of recent over-the-counter transactions for these borrowings (Level 2). The average floating interest rate for the three months ended 30 June 2016 was 3.6% (three months ended 30 June 2015: 6.5%) and 5.8% (three months ended 30 June 2016: 5.9%) for Euro and for US dollar denominated loans respectively.

March 2014 Refinancing

On 19 March 2014 the Company announced that it successfully completed a series of debt refinancing transactions (the "March 2014 Refinancing"). Through these transactions, CEVA further increased capital available to fund growth initiatives and established a long-term capital structure with a weighted average period to maturity of 6.3 years. As at 30 June 2016 the weighted average period to maturity was 3.9 years.

Covenants

As a result of the March 2014 Refinancing, if the outstanding amount under our US\$250 million revolving credit facility exceeds 30%, our senior secured credit facilities require us to maintain a maximum ratio of secured first lien net debt to covenant EBITDA of 5.35 to 1.0, calculated for the trailing four quarters (as determined under our senior secured credit facility). The definition of covenant EBITDA allows us to add back certain non-cash or non-recurring charges that are deducted in determining net income (for example, restructuring costs) and to add the future benefit of specific cost reduction programs.

The Group is in compliance with the covenants set forth in the documents governing its existing borrowings and believes that it has sufficient liquidity to service its operating activities and continued growth ambitions for the foreseeable future.

European Securitization

On the 25 March 2016, the Company closed a €170 million Pan-European Asset Backed Securitization ("the European ABS"). The European ABS is a two year commitment from two banks and is based on securitization of receivables from six European countries. As of 30 June 2016 the amount drawn was approximately US\$121 million (€109 million).

10. Joint ventures

The Group has an investment totaling US\$93 million as at 30 June 2016 (31 December 2015: US\$99 million), being a 50% interest in Anji-CEVA Automotive Logistics Company Limited ("Anji-CEVA") with its registered address at No. 258 Miqian Road, Anting Town, Jiading District, Shanghai City, P.R. of China. Anji-CEVA principally engages in transportation, domestic freight agency and warehouse services, management service, technical consulting and training relating to automotive. For the three months ended 30 June 2016, CEVA's share in Anji-CEVA's net result was US\$4 million (three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$4 million).

The consolidated balance sheet of Anji-CEVA as at 30 June 2015, 31 December 2015 and 30 June 2016 is as follows:

\$ millions	AS AT 30 JUNE	AS AT 31 DECEMBER	AS AT 30 JUNE
	2016	2015	2015
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents	148	152	111
Other current assets	303	227	278
Total current assets	451	379	389
Financial liabilities	(5)	-	-
Other current liabilities	(403)	(339)	(353)
Total current liabilities	(408)	(339)	(353)
Non-current			
Assets	126	144	128
Total non-current assets	126	144	128
Financial liabilities	-	-	-
Other liabilities	(2)	-	-
Total non-current liabilities	(2)	-	-
NET ASSETS	167	184	164

The consolidated income statement of Anji-CEVA for the three and six months ended 30 June 2015 and 2016 is as follows:

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenue	248	241	481	473
Operating expenses excluding depreciation, amortization and impairment	(229)	(221)	(443)	(435)
EBITDA	19	20	38	38
Depreciation	(5)	(5)	(10)	(9)
Operating income	14	15	28	29
Finance income (including foreign exchange movements)	1	-	1	-
Finance expense (including foreign exchange movements)	-	-	-	-
Net finance income/(expense) (including foreign exchange movements)	1	-	1	-
Profit/(Loss) before income taxes	15	15	29	29
Income tax (expense) / Income	(4)	(5)	(8)	(9)
Profit/(Loss) for the period	11	10	21	20
Attributable to:				
Non-controlling interests	2	1	4	4
Equity holders of the Company	9	9	17	16

The reconciliation from the net asset value to the carrying value of the joint ventures for the period ending 30 June 2015 and 2016 is as follows:

\$ millions	2016	2015
Opening net assets - 1 January	184	148
Allocated to non-controlling interest	(38)	(38)
Adjusted opening net assets - 1 January	146	110
Profit for the period	21	20
Non-controlling interest	(4)	(4)
Dividend paid by joint ventures ¹	(32)	-
Foreign exchange impact	3	-
Closing net assets - 30 June	134	126
Interest in joint ventures at 50%	67	63
Goodwill in joint ventures	26	28
Carrying value 30 June	93	91

¹ Dividend was received by CEVA in February 2016. The CEVA portion of the dividend paid by joint ventures amounted to US\$15 million.

The Company had no contingent liabilities towards the joint venture as at 30 June 2016 (31 December 2015: nil). There are no significant restrictions on the ability of joint ventures to transfer funds to the entity in the form of cash dividends, or to repay loans or advances made by the entity.

11. Commitments

Operating lease commitments

The Group leases various offices and warehouses under non-cancellable operating lease agreements. The lease terms are generally between one and six years and the majority of lease agreements are renewable at the end of the lease period at market rates.

The Group also leases various motor vehicles, office and computer equipment under operating lease agreements.

During the three months ended 30 June 2016, US\$84 million was recognized as an expense in the income statement in respect of operating lease rentals (three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$81 million).

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	AS AT 30 JUNE	AS AT 31 DECEMBER
\$ millions	2016	2015
Less than 1 year	309	302
1-5 years	596	651
Thereafter	167	146
Total	1,072	1,099
Of which guaranteed by third party / customers	68	61

Of the future lease payments, US\$745 million (31 December 2015: US\$784 million) relates to commitments in relation to multi-user/shared facilities, while the remainder of US\$328 million (31 December 2015: US\$315 million) is dedicated to specific customers.

Guarantees

As at 30 June 2016, the revolving credit facility of US\$250 million remained undrawn and US\$264 million (31 December 2015: US\$256 million) of letters of credit were issued but undrawn under the letter of credit facility of US\$275 million. The committed Senior Secured Facilities are secured by substantially all of the assets of CEVA Group Plc and the assets of its restricted subsidiaries excluding certain trade accounts receivables that are transferred to special purpose entities formed in connection with the US ABL Facility and the Australian Receivables Facility. The Senior Secured Facilities consist of facilities denominated in both US dollar and Euro. The amount of the Euro denominated facilities has been converted to US dollar for the above presentation using the 30 June 2016 closing rate of 1.11.

We provide bank guarantees and letters of credit to various third parties in the normal course of our business, which impacts our liquidity. In the normal course of our business, we provide bank guarantees or letters of credit to various customs authorities, landlords, suppliers and insurance underwriters. The source of the bank guarantees or letters of credit is our US\$275 million synthetic letter of credit facility and our US\$250 million revolving credit facility. As of June 30, 2016, bank guarantees/letters of credit amounted to US\$264 million. The issuance of bank guarantees or letters of credit consumes a significant portion of our liquidity and should market, financial or other conditions require us to issue significantly more bank guarantees or letters of credit, our liquidity could be impacted and our business, results of operations and financial condition materially adversely affected.

Approximately US\$264 million of letters of credit in various currencies were issued but undrawn on 30 June 2016 (31 December 2015: US\$256 million) under the letter of credit facility and revolving credit facility. The remaining amount unissued under CEVA's letter of credit facility as at 30 June 2016 is US\$11 million (31 December 2015: US\$19 million).

The Group has issued guarantees on behalf of its subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business in connection with lease agreements, customs duty deferment and local credit lines amounting to US\$319 million (31 December 2015: US\$329 million), of which US\$264 million (31 December 2015: US\$256 million) was issued but undrawn under CEVA's letter of credit facility. As of 30 June 2016, there were US\$3 million of guarantees issued under CEVA's revolving credit facility (31 December 2015: nil). The remaining amount unissued under the letter of credit facility was US\$11 million (31 December 2015: US\$19 million). The obligations under the guarantees issued by banks and other financial institutions have been secured by CEVA and certain of its subsidiaries.

12. Contingencies

Litigation and Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in several legal proceedings relating to the normal conduct of CEVA's business. While the outcome of these legal proceedings is uncertain, the Company believes that it has provided for all probable and estimable liabilities arising from the normal course of business, and CEVA therefore does not expect any un-provisioned liability arising from any of these legal proceedings to have a material impact on CEVA's results of operations, liquidity, capital resources or financial position.

Independent Contractor-Related Proceedings

The classification of drivers as independent contractors, which CEVA believes to be a common practice in its industry in the U.S., is challenged from time to time by federal and state governmental and regulatory authorities, including tax authorities, as well as by individual drivers who seek to have drivers reclassified as employees. CEVA was a party to a lawsuit styled Mohit Narayan, et al. v. EGL, Inc. and CEVA Freight, LLC, CEVA Holdings LLC – Quarter Two 2016 Interim Financial Statements

in which the plaintiffs filed a putative class action, seeking a declaratory judgment, restitution, damages and other relief. In September 2012, the district court in California denied the plaintiffs' request to certify the lawsuit as a class action. The plaintiffs asked the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals to review that ruling, but the court denied that request. That means individual members of the former putative class must pursue their own individual claims, which some are doing. In addition, in October 2009, the California Employment Development Department ("EDD"), based on a worker classification audit, determined that such individuals should be reclassified as employees for purposes of state unemployment tax, employment training tax, disability insurance contributions, and personal income tax, and the EDD issued a tax assessment. CEVA has petitioned the EDD to review its assessment, with a potential for abating a majority of the assessed taxes.

While CEVA cannot provide assurances with respect to the outcome of these cases and it is possible that CEVA could incur a material loss in connection with any of these matters, CEVA intends to vigorously defend itself in these proceedings. In connection with this, the Company has accounted for a provision in its 2016 accounts.

CIL Related Proceedings

CIL Limited (formerly CEVA Investments Limited), the former parent of CEVA Group Plc, is involved in a consensually filed liquidation proceeding in the Cayman Islands and an involuntary Chapter 7 proceeding in the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York. In December 2014, the Trustee in the Chapter 7 proceeding filed a claim against CIL Limited's former directors, CEVA Group Plc, and affiliated entities relating mostly to CEVA's Recapitalization in 2013. The Company cannot provide assurances about the outcome of this matter and it is possible that if the Trustee were to prevail on his claims, the Company could incur a material loss in connection with this matter. However, the Company believes the claims are without merit and intends to vigorously defend itself.

Tax Proceedings

CEVA is involved in tax audits in various jurisdictions relating to the normal conduct of its business. While the outcome of these audits is uncertain and can lead to litigation involving material amounts, CEVA believes that it has provided for all probable and estimable tax liabilities arising from the normal course of business, and CEVA therefore does not expect any liability arising from these audits to have a material impact on its results of operations, liquidity, capital resources, or financial position.

Other Proceedings

From time to time, CEVA is involved in a variety of legal proceedings and disputes arising in the ordinary course of business. For example, CEVA has been and currently is subject to numerous labor and employment proceedings and disputes in both Italy and Brazil alleging various causes of action and raising other legal challenges to CEVA's labor and employment practices. Such proceedings sometimes include individual claims and lawsuits, disputes with unions, class action claims, and governmental or quasi-governmental investigations. While the outcome of these legal proceedings is uncertain and may not be capable of estimation, CEVA believes that resolution of these matters and the incurrence of their related costs and expenses should not have a material adverse effect on CEVA's results of operations, liquidity, capital resources, or financial position.

13. Related Party Transactions

Parent company

The following table sets forth the shareholders of the Company as at 30 June 2016:

	30 JUNE			
	2016			
	Number of shares beneficially owned			
	A-1 preference shares	A-2 preference shares	Common shares	Ownership percentage ²
Apollo	87,428	12,737	105,010	21.7%
Franklin	4,126	169,688	128,400	27.0%
CapRe	99,038	49,462	126,914	28.4%
Other ¹	47,052	102,941	87,293	22.9%
Total	237,644	334,828	447,617	100.0%

¹ None of the other individual shareholders owns 5% or more of the shares in CEVA Holdings LLC

² Assuming preference shares convert to common shares

The A1 and A2 preference shares are convertible to common shares under certain conditions and have no contractual obligation to be settled in cash. Accordingly they have been treated as equity instruments.

Franklin Advisers, Inc. and Franklin Templeton Investments Corp. (together, "Franklin") are related parties by virtue of the fact that they manage certain funds and accounts which together own 27.0% of the Company's shares outstanding assuming all preferred shares are converted to common shares.

Capital Research and Management Company ("CapRe") is a related party by virtue of the fact that it manages certain funds which together control 28.4% of the CEVA Holdings LLC shares outstanding assuming all preferred shares are converted to common shares.

Apollo is a related party by virtue of the fact that it manages certain funds which together own 21.7% of the Company's shares outstanding assuming all preferred shares are converted to common shares.

The Company owns 99.99% of the ordinary shares of CEVA Group Plc, 0.01% is held by CIL Limited (formerly CEVA Investment Limited, the former parent of CEVA Group Plc), and one ordinary share is held by Louis Cayman Second Holdco Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of CIL Limited, on trust as bare nominee for CIL Limited. In addition, CIL Limited holds 349,999 deferred shares and Louis Cayman Second Holdco Limited owns 1 deferred share (which has the right to a return of capital upon a winding up after the holders of ordinary shares have received the amount paid up on such ordinary shares plus a premium of £10,000 per ordinary share).

A subsidiary of CEVA Group Plc has a service agreement with Apollo for the provision of management and support services. The annual fee is equal to the greater of US\$4 million per annum and 1.5% of the Group's EBITDA and was waived by Apollo for 2015 and 2016. Expenses of US\$0.1 million (three months ended 30 June 2015: US\$0.1 million) are included in the income statement for the three months ended 30 June 2016.

Marvin Schlanger, Michael Jupiter, Marc Becker, Thomas White, Xavier Urbain, Alan Miller, Emanuel Pearlman, John Smith and Thomas Stallkamp are Managers of the Company. The Managers of the Company are also the Directors of CEVA Group Plc. Marvin Schlanger, Michael Jupiter and Marc Becker also hold senior positions at Apollo or Apollo portfolio companies. Apollo appointed Marvin Schlanger, Michael Jupiter, Marc Becker, Thomas White and Xavier Urbain as Managers of the Company. CapRe and Franklin jointly appointed Alan Miller, Emanuel Pearlman, John Smith and Thomas Stallkamp as Managers of the Company.

At 30 June 2016 the Group has booked a net payable, which is disputed (see note 12 "Contingencies") by the Group both as to validity and amount, to CIL Limited, amounting to US\$13.4 million (31 December 2015: US\$13 million). This mainly relates to intercompany cash pooling arrangements and is included within trade and other payables in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet. CIL Limited was the former parent company of CEVA Group Plc and was placed in liquidation proceedings in connection with the Recapitalization. CIL Limited is involved in an official liquidation proceeding in the Republic of the Cayman Islands and a Chapter 7 proceeding in the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York.

CEVA has agreed to indemnify managers employed by or affiliated with Apollo for losses relating to the services contemplated by the management agreement with Apollo. In addition, the LLC Agreement indemnifies the Managers and Apollo, Franklin and CapRe against losses arising from services contemplated by the agreement.

Trading transactions

During the three months ended 30 June 2015 and 2016, Group entities entered into the following trading transactions with related parties that are not members of the Group:

\$ millions	THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE	
	2016		2015	
	Sales of goods	Purchases of goods	Sales of goods	Purchases of goods
Joint ventures	2	1	3	2

\$ millions	SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE		SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE	
	2016		2015	
	Sales of goods	Purchases of goods	Sales of goods	Purchases of goods
Joint ventures	4	3	5	3

\$ millions	AS AT 30 JUNE		AS AT 30 JUNE	
	2016		2015	
	Amounts owed by related parties	Amounts owed to related parties	Amounts owed by related parties	Amounts owed to related parties
Joint ventures	2	4	-	4

CEVA has a trading relationship with two customers, McGraw-Hill and Welspun which are owned by Apollo Investment Corp, an affiliate of Apollo. The value of the transactions with these customers is immaterial.

Financing

From time to time, depending upon market, pricing and other conditions, as well as CEVA's cash balances and liquidity, CEVA or its affiliates, including Apollo, Franklin and/or CapRe, may seek to acquire or sell notes or other indebtedness of CEVA through open market purchases or CEVA Holdings LLC – Quarter Two 2016 Interim Financial Statements

sales, privately negotiated transactions, tender offers, redemption or otherwise, upon such terms and at such prices as CEVA or its affiliates may determine (or as may be provided for in the indentures or other documents governing the notes or other indebtedness), for cash or other consideration. In addition, CEVA has considered and will continue to evaluate potential transactions to reduce CEVA's outstanding debt (such as debt for debt exchanges and other similar transactions), to extend its debt maturities or enter into alternative financing arrangements, as well as potential transactions pursuant to which third parties, including CEVA's affiliates may provide financing to CEVA or otherwise engage in transactions to provide liquidity to CEVA. There can be no assurance as to which, if any, of these alternatives or combinations thereof CEVA or its affiliates may choose to pursue in the future as the pursuit of any alternative will depend upon numerous factors such as market conditions, CEVA's financial performance and the limitations applicable to such transactions under its financing documents.

At 30 June 2016 funds managed by CapRe held US\$96 million par value of CEVA's term loan due 2021, US\$17.4 million par value of CEVA's 7.00% First Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2021 and US\$19.7 million par value of CEVA's 9.0% Senior Secured Notes due to 2021.

At 30 June 2016, funds and accounts managed by Franklin Advisers, Inc. and Franklin Templeton Investment Corporation held approximately (i) US\$177.5 million of CEVA's 4% First Lien Senior Secured Notes due 2018, (ii) US\$26.9 million of CEVA's Tranche B Pre-Funded Letter of Credit, (iii) US\$27.9 million of CEVA's 6.50% Dutch BV Term Loan, (iv) US\$4.8 million of CEVA's 6.50% Canadian Term Loan, and (v) US\$38.5 million of CEVA's 6.50% US Term Loan.

Ultimate controlling party

The ultimate controlling party of the Company is Apollo in accordance with the terms of the LLC Agreement.

Other related party transactions

As of 30 June 2016, there were 155 management and other personnel in CEVA Group companies who participate in the management equity plan. They also receive salaries and benefits as part of their employment compensation.

14. Seasonality of Operations

Our intra-year results are subject to seasonal trends, due to holiday seasons, consumer demand, weather and other intra-year variations. The Freight Management results are generally stronger in the final two quarters of the calendar year, which is partly offset by Contract Logistics results, which are often weighted to the first half of the year. The Company's seasonality is also offset to some extent by its sector diversification, as well as the global nature of its business; however, overall the Company's first quarter is generally the weakest.

15. Events After Balance Sheet Date

There have been no material events subsequent to the period end which require additional disclosure.



Making business flow

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